

wege entstehen, indem wir sie gehen paths emerge in that we walk them

#### Wegener Center www.wegcenter.at









Atmospheric Remote Sensing and Climate System Research Group

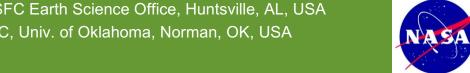
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## WegenerNet: gauge network for ground validation of satellite rainfall and exploring rainfall properties

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ZAMG







#### Overview, here's about how we will walk through...





#### WegenerNet (WEGN) introduction, focus Feldbach Region

#### WEGN for validation of remotely sensed precipitation:

- Validation of radar-derived analysis (Kann et al. 2015)
- Ground validation of IMERG V03 (O et al. 2017)
- Ground validation of DPR/GPROF V05 (Kidd et al. 2017)
- IMERG validation by MRMS (O and KS 2017)

WEGN for improving fundamental understanding of short-term, local-scale convective precip scaling at mid latitudes:

- Resolution dependence of rain intensities (Schröer et al. 2017)
- Characteristics of rain cell contours (Teschl et al. 2017)

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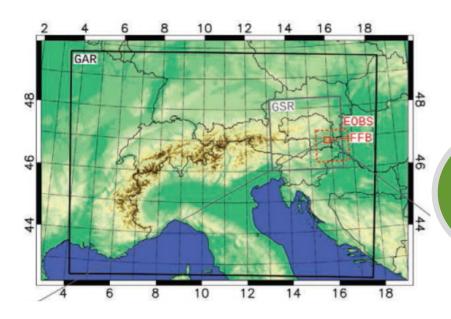
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### WegenerNet Feldbach Region and Johnsbachtal







Feldbach Region

Johnsbachtal

#### **Alpine Forelands**

- Feldbach Region (FBR) network in the Alpine foreland of southeastern Austria
- Cold winters, hot summers, occasionally strong winter storms, summer precipitation dominated by heavy rain from thunderstorms

The Wegener Center of the University
of Graz in Austria is operating a highresolution climate station network,
 WegenerNet (WEGN), at 1-km-scale
resolution that serves as a long-term
monitoring and validation facility for
research and applications.

#### **Mountainous Terrain**

- Johnsbachtal (JBT) network in the alpine upper Styrian region of National Park Gesäuse
- A 'sister network' of WegenerNet
   Feldbach Region for supporting
   studies in mountainous terrain

## WegenerNet Feldbach Region (1)





#### **Station Measurements of WEGN FBR**

- 154 stations in 22 km × 16 km region (1 stn per ~2 km²), inter-station distance is ~1.4 km, altitudes around 250 to 520 m a.s.l.
- raw data are processed by a quality control system into data products for single stations and regular grids on temporal scales from 5-min to annual-mean.
- major sensor replacement cycle was recently completed in 2016; all stations are now equipped with Meteoservis highquality precipitation sensors.
- data available since January 1, 2007; can be downloaded from <a href="https://www.wegenernet.org">www.wegenernet.org</a>





## WegenerNet Feldbach Region (2)





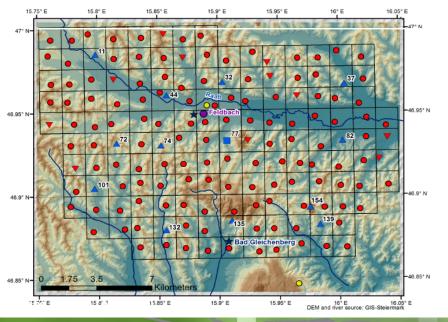
#### **Base stations Special base stations Primary stations** 127 stations 11 stations 12 stations

- air temperature, precipitation (tipping bucket, unheated), air relative humidity
- air temperature, precipitation (tipping bucket, unheated), air relative humidity
- soil moisture & temp.
- 3 stations
- subset of temperature, precipitation, humidity
- air temperature, precipitation (tipping bucket, 11 heated), air relative humidity
- wind speed & direction wind speed & direction (incl. for wind gusts)

#### **Reference station**

#### 1 station

- air temperature, precipitation (tipping bucket, heated), air relative humidity
- (incl. for wind gusts)
- soil moisture & temp.
- air pressure, net radiation





## WegenerNet Johnsbachtal (for side info)



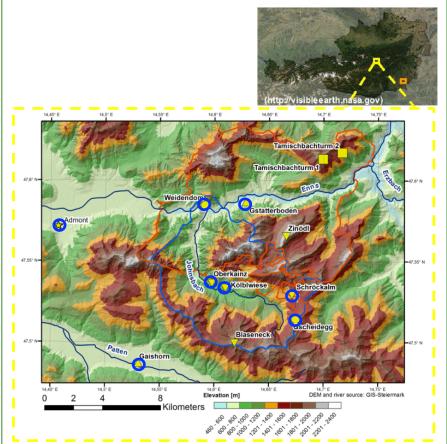


#### **Station Locations and Measurements of WEGN JBT**

- 11 meteorological stations, and one hydrographic station, in ~ 16 km x 17 km mountainous area (inter-station distance is in average ~ 5 km)
- altitudes from below 700 to over 2100 m a.s.l.
- data available since 2010 (partly since 2007),
   also via the portal www.wegenernet.org







Johnsbachtal, Austria (top), and the 11 stations in the JBT network (bottom), seven stations (marked with blue circles) measure precipitation

### WEGN for validation of remotely sensed precip.





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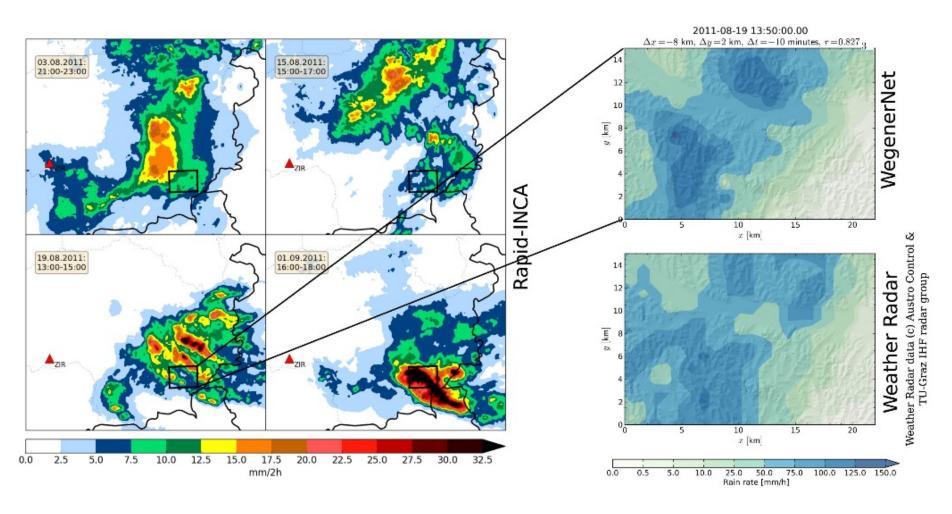
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#### Validation of radar-derived analysis by WEGN





# Validation of high-res precip analysis of the Austrian met service ZAMG driven in the WEGN area by the Zirbitzkogel (ZIR) ground radar



#### **Ground validation of IMERG V03 by WEGN (1)**

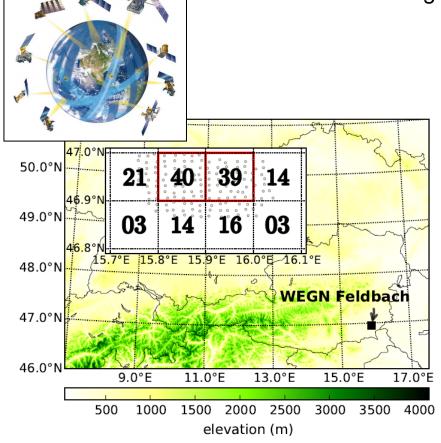




# Qs: How well can GPM IMERG estimate precipitation at a pixel-level? Is the IMERG Final of better performance than the 'near NRT' runs?

=> Evaluation of GPM IMERG Early, Late, and Final rainfall estimates

with the WEGN FBR gauge data in southeast Austria



#### Average-to-grid to grid cell comparison

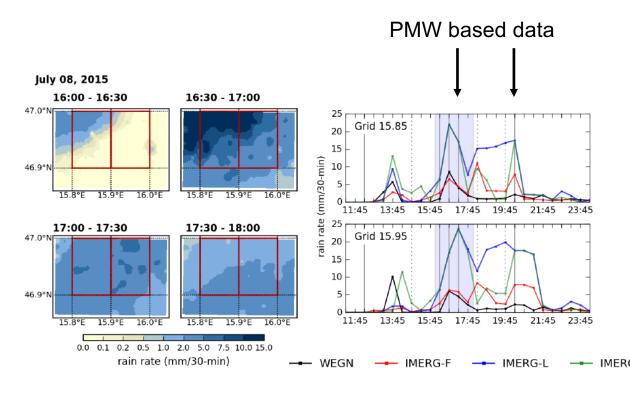
- Eight IMERG grids (46.8°N-47.0°N, 15.7°E-16.1°E) are overlapped with the WEGN domain
- Two 0.1° x 0.1° IMERG gird cells, covered by 40 and 39 WEGN stations, respectively, are selected ('Grid 15.85', 'Grid 15.95')
- Data from Apr to Oct for 2014 and 2015

#### **Ground validation of IMERG V03 by WEGN (2)**



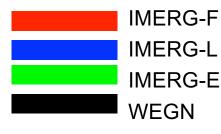


# Example results for time series of IMERG data vs WEGN, for a heavy convective summer precipitation event (8 Jul 2015)



- (left) spatial maps of rainfall event captured by the WEGN; red boxes indicate the two grid cells chosen.
- (right) time series of IMERG and WEGN rainfall data for the grid cells; time 16-18 h shown as shaded area

• It shows clearly the value of more 'accurate' PMW estimates in the morphing process, as well as of the gauge adjustment to remove systematic biases.

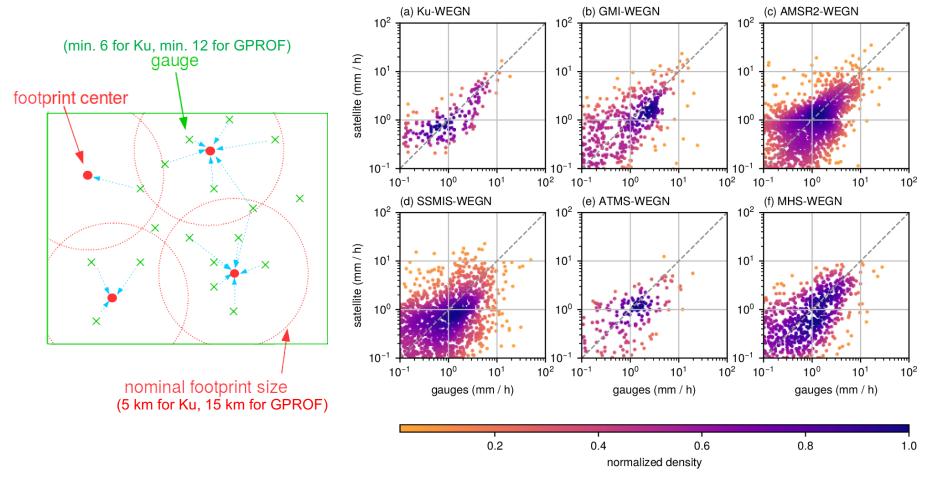


#### **Ground validation of DPR/GPROF V05 by WEGN**





#### Scatterplot results statistics of GPM V5 DPR & Radiometers vs WEGN



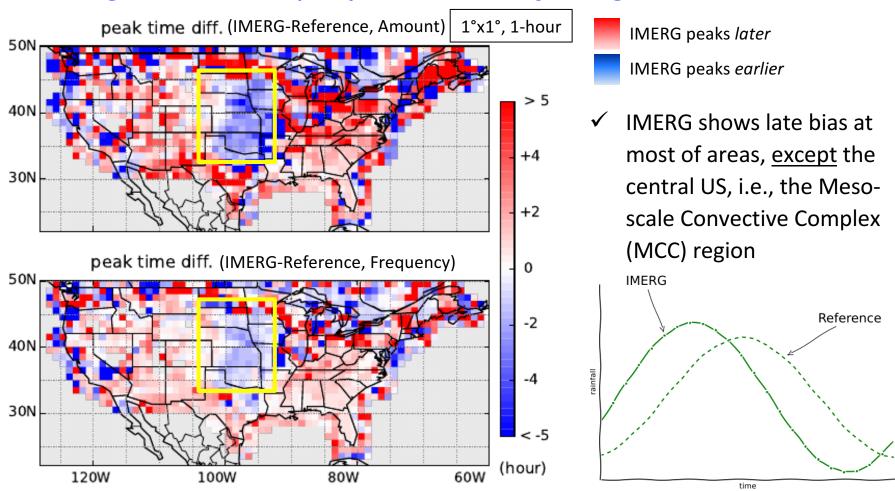
- More samples needed (ongoing) for evaluating the smaller DPR-Ku swath.
- Collectively suggests slight underestimation in GPROF radiometer estimates relative to WEGN gauges and sensitivity issues to light precipitation.

#### **IMERG** validation by MRMS





#### Validating IMERG Final (V03) JJA diurnal cycle against MRMS



- Biases in diurnal cycles of IMERG are examined vs MRMS, including rainfall type info.
- The life cycle of MCC can explain the bias of IMERG peak timing over the central US.

#### Improving understanding of precip. scaling by WEGN





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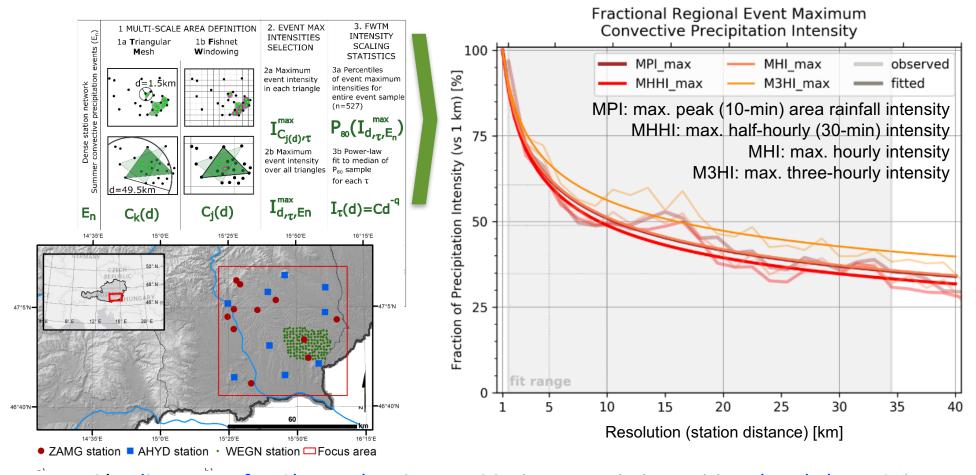
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#### Resolution dependence of convective rain intensities





# "Research Laboratory Region" WEGN FBR & Southeast Austria: how do heavy convective rain intensities scale over 1-30 km obs resolution?



- Obs distances of <10km understimate <30min max. rain intensities already by ~50%.</li>
- WEGNplus enables to reveal fundamental scaling dependences for ~1-35 km range.

### Characteristics of convective rain cell contours (1)





#### How do heavy convective rain cells structure in space at 5min resolution?

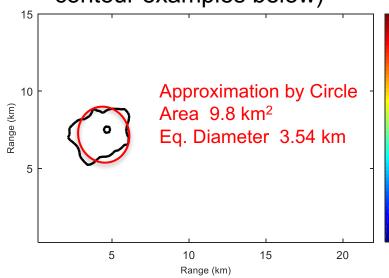
18

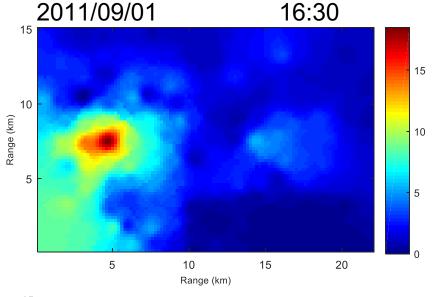
16 14

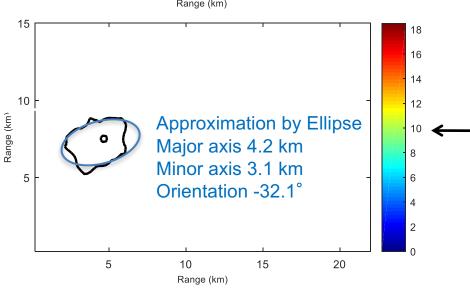
12

10

- Example map where the highest WEGN FBR rainfall intensity (18.5 mm per 5 min, cf. color bar) was observed during the used 10 year period 2007–2016
- Definition of rain cell contour:
   "Contiguous area where the rain
   rate is equal to or higher than a
   specified threshold value" (cf.
   contour examples below)





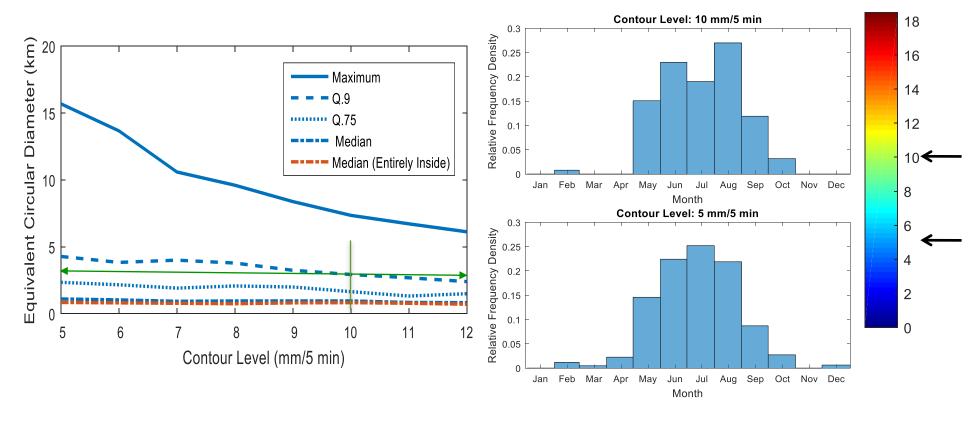


#### Characteristics of convective rain cell contours (2)





## Example results on cell contour properties – cell diameter as function of level threshold, climatological dependence of reaching level thresholds



- Cell statistics for heavy rain intensities have been derived (robust over ~5-12 mm/5 min).
- About 90% exhibit equiv. diameters <4 km, and localization intensifies with rain rate.</li>

#### **Further info**





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#### Further WEGN information and references





## www.wegcenter.at/wegenernet

WegenerNet homepage

## www.wegenernet.org

#### WegenerNet data portal

- Kirchengast, G., et al. (2014): WegenerNet: A pioneering high-resolution network for monitoring weather and climate. *Bull. Amer. Meteor. Soc.*, 95, 227-242, doi:10.1175/BAMS-D-11-00161.1.
- O, S., et al. (2016): Validation and correction of rainfall data from the WegenerNet high density network in southeast Austria. *J. Hydrol.*, in press, doi:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jhydrol.2016.11.049.

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#### Further WEGN information and references





## www.wegenernet.org











